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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/667,164	09/21/2000	William E. Ballachino	00-C-050 (STMI01-00050	8138	
	7590 09/24/2007 ECTRONICS, INC.		EXAMINER		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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Office Action Summary		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		09/667,164	BALLACHINO, WILLIAM E.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Chat C. Do	2193				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap or Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the (	orrespondence address				
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D resions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. It is period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	PATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting  will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the course the application to become ABANDONE.	N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)[🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28 June 2007.						
· · · · ·	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.						
3)	<del>-</del>						
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	on of Claims						
<b>4</b> ) ⊠	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-5,8-16 and 19-31</u> is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-5,8-16 and 19-31</u> is/are rejected.						
	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Applicati	on Papers						
· · ·	•	<b></b>					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
.0/	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)	11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Burea See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in Applicat prity documents have been receiv tu (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage				
2)  Notice (3) Information	et(s)  te of References Cited (PTO-892)  te of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  ter No(s)/Mail Date	4)  Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5)  Notice of Informal I 6)  Other:	ate				

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

- 1. This communication is responsive to Amendment filed 06/28/2007.
- 2. Claims 1-5, 8-16, and 19-31 are pending in this application. Claims 1, 12, and 23 are independent claims. This Office Action is made non-final.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

3. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

4. Claims 1-5, 8-16, and 19-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

Claims 1-5, 8-16, and 19-31 cite an adder for adding two arguments in accordance with a mathematical algorithm. In order for claims to be statutory, claims must either include a practical/physical application or a concrete, useful, and tangible result.

However, claims 1-5, 8-16, and 19-31 merely disclose steps/components for adding two arguments without further disclosing a practical/physical application or a useful and tangible result since the claims appear to preempt every substantial practical application of the idea embodied by the claim and there is no cited limitation in the claims that breathes sufficient life and meaning into the preamble so as to limit it to a particular practical application rather than being so broad and sweeping as to cover every

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substantial practical application of the idea embodied therein. Therefore, claims 1-5, 8-16, and 19-31 are directed to non-statutory subject matter.

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#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 6. Claims 1-5, 8-16, and 19-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Uya (U.S. 4,682,303).

Re claim 1, Uya discloses in Figure 2 an M-bit adder (e.g. an adder in Figure 2 wherein M is equate to 26) capable of receiving a first M-bit argument (e.g. first argument as A0-A25), a second M-bit argument (e.g. second argument as B0-B25), and a carry-in "Ci" (e.g. C4, C8, C13, C19, and C26 into respective cells) bit comprising:

M adder cells arranged in R rows (e.g. as seen in Figure 2 wherein the cell for adding bits 13-18 includes components 34-35, 40-41, and 43), wherein a least significant adder cell in a first one of rows of adder cells (e.g. the first adder of every set of adder) is operable to:

receive a first data bit, Ax, from first M-bit argument and a first data bit, Bx, from second M-bit argument (e.g. A<sub>4</sub> and B<sub>4</sub> respectively in Figure 2),

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generate a first conditional carry-out bit, Cx(1) (e.g.  $C_8^{-1}$  from 21 in Figure 2 in P2 cell), and a second conditional carry-out bit, Cx(0) (e.g.  $C_8^{-0}$  from 20 in Figure 2 in P2 cell), and

provide the first and second conditional carry-out bits (e.g. output of  $C_8^{\ 1}$  and  $C_8^{\ 0}$  in Figure 2) to another of adder cells (e.g. the outputs of carry are fed to logic gates 24 and 25 of next cell P3),

wherein  $C_x(1)$  bit is calculated assuming a row carry-out bit from a second row of adder cells preceding first row is a 1 (e.g. expression 2 in col. 3) and Cx(0) bit is calculated assuming row carry-out bit from second row is a 0 (e.g. expression 4 in col. 4); and

wherein the second one of the adder cells (e.g. the second cell is the cell receives the carry-out bits from the previous first cell) in the first one of the rows is operable to:

receive a first data bit,  $A_{x+1}$  from the first M-bit argument and a first data bit,  $B_{x+1}$ , from the second M-bit argument (e.g. Figures 3-4 wherein each block of computation can be done/performed for only a single input bit of operand),

receive both the first conditional carry-out bit,  $C_x(1)$  and the second conditional carry-out bit,  $C_x(0)$  (e.g. both  $C_{19}^{-1}$  as conditional carry-out bit  $C_x^{-1}$  and  $C_{19}^{-0}$  as conditional carry-out bit  $C_x^{-0}$  are inputted into the logic circuit XOR-NNAND of the next cell as seen in Figure 2);

generate both a first conditional carry-out bit,  $C_{x+1}(1)$ , and a second conditional carry-out bit,  $C_{x+1}(0)$  (e.g.  $C_{25}^{-1}$  and  $C_{25}^{0}$  respectively in Figure 2) by propagating the first conditional carry-out bit,  $C_x(1)$  and the second conditional carry-out bit,  $C_x(0)$  through a

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first pass gate and a second pass gate (e.g. logic gates 54-55 in Figure 2), respectively, when the first data bit  $A_{x+1}$  and the second data bit  $B_{x+1}$  are not equal (e.g. as high or low logic for the logic 54 in Figure 2), and

output the first and second conditional carry-out bit  $C_{x+1}(1)$  and  $C_{x+1}(0)$  to other circuitry (e.g.  $C_{25}^{-1}$  and  $C_{25}^{0}$  respectively in Figure 2 for the next bit set).

Re claim 2, Uya further discloses in Figure 2 least significant adder cell generates a first conditional sum bit (e.g. S<sup>0</sup>4 in Figure 2), and a second conditional sum bit (e.g. S<sup>1</sup>4 in Figure 2).

Re claim 3, Uya further discloses in Figure 2 Sx(1) bit is calculated assuming row carry-out bit from second row is a 1 (e.g. 65) and Sx(0) bit is calculated assuming 4 row carry-out bit from second row is a 0 (e.g. 70).

Re claim 4, Uya further discloses in Figure 2 row carry-out bit selects one of Sx(1) bit and Sx(0) bit to be output by least significant adder cell (e.g. 32).

Re claim 5, Uya further discloses in Figure 2 other circuitry comprises: a third adder cell in the first one of rows of adder cells, and wherein the third adder cell receives a third data bit,  $A_{x+2}$ , from the first M-bit argument and a third data bit,  $B_{x+2}$ , from the second M-bit argument, and receives from the second adder cell  $C_{x+1}(1)$  bit and the  $C_{x+1}(0)$  bit (e.g. repeat the process as seen in Figure 2 and claim 1 for the next cell in the row).

Re claim 8, Uya further discloses in Figures 1-4 second adder cell (e.g. adder for adding A5 and B5) generates a first conditional sum bit S1 (e.g. S5 in Figure 3), wherein

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S1 bit is generated from A5 data bit, B5 data bit, and CH0 bit from least significant adder cell.

Re claim 9, Uya further discloses in Figures 1-4 second adder cell (e.g. adder for adding A5 and B5) generates a second conditional sum bit, wherein S1 (e.g. S5 in Figure 4) bit is generated from A5 data bit, B5 data bit, and CL0 bit from least significant adder cell.

Re claim 10, Uya further discloses in Figures 1-4 row carry-out bit selects one of Sl(1) bit and Sl(0) bit to be output by second adder cell (e.g. 24 and 25 in Figure 2).

Re claim 11, Uya further discloses first row of adder cells contains N adder cells and second row of adder cells preceding first row contains less than N adder cells (e.g. P3, P4, and P5 wherein P3 has 5 adder cells, P4 has 6 adder cells, and P5 has 5 adder cells).

Re claim 12, it is a processor claim of claim 1. Thus, claim 12 is also rejected under the same rationale in the rejection of rejected claim 1.

Re claim 13, it is a processor claim of claim 2. Thus, claim 13 is also rejected under the same rationale in the rejection of rejected claim 2.

Re claim 14, it is a processor claim of claim 3. Thus, claim 14 is also rejected under the same rationale in the rejection of rejected claim 3.

Re claim 15, it is a processor claim of claim 4. Thus, claim 15 is also rejected under the same rationale in the rejection of rejected claim 4.

Re claim 16, it is a processor claim of claim 5. Thus, claim 16 is also rejected under the same rationale in the rejection of rejected claim 5.

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Re claim 17, it is a processor claim of claim 6. Thus, claim 17 is also rejected under the same rationale in the rejection of rejected claim 6.

Re claim 18, it is a processor claim of claim 7. Thus, claim 18 is also rejected under the same rationale in the rejection of rejected claim 7.

Re claim 19, it is a processor claim of claim 8. Thus, claim 19 is also rejected under the same rationale in the rejection of rejected claim 8.

Re claim 20, it is a processor claim of claim 9. Thus, claim 20 is also rejected under the same rationale in the rejection of rejected claim 9.

Re claim 21, it is a processor claim of claim 10. Thus, claim 21 is also rejected under the same rationale in the rejection of rejected claim 10.

Re claim 22, it is a processor claim of claim 11. Thus, claim 22 is also rejected under the same rationale in the rejection of rejected claim 11.

Re claim 23, it is a method claim of claim 1. Thus, claim 23 is also rejected under the same rationale in the rejection of rejected claim 1.

Re claim 24, Uya further discloses in Figure 2 the second adder cell further comprises: a first inverter operable for inverting said first conditional carry-out bit Cx(1) transmitted through said first pass gate prior to outputting said first conditional carry-out bit Cv(1) (e.g. AND and INVERT logic as seen in Figure 3 prior outputting  $C_8^1$ ); and a second inverter operable for inverting said second conditional carry-out bit Cv(0) transmitted through said second pass gate prior to outputting said second conditional carry-out bit Cv(0) (e.g. AND and INVERT logic as seen in Figure 3 prior outputting  $C_8^0$ ).

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Re claim 25, Uya further discloses in Figure 2 second adder cell further comprises: a first inverter operable for inverting said received conditional carry-out bit Cx(1) prior to transmission through said first pass gate (e.g. AND and INVERT logic as seen in Figure 3 prior outputting  $C_8^{-1}$  to transmitted to the NAND gate 24 in Figure 2); and a second inverter operable for inverting said received second conditional carry-out bit Cx(0) prior to transmission through said second pass gate (e.g. AND and INVERT logic as seen in Figure 3 prior outputting  $C_8^{-0}$  to transmitted to the OR gate 24 in Figure 2).

Re claim 26, Uya further discloses in Figure 2 other circuitry comprises: a row multiplexer, wherein said row carry-out bit from said second row of adder cells preceding said first row selects one of said Cx+l(1) bit and said Cx+l(0) bit to be output by said row multiplexer (e.g. multiplexer 43 in Figure 2).

Re claim 27, Uya further discloses in Figure 2 first adder cell comprises: a first multiplexer operable for receiving said first conditional sum bit, Sx(1) and said second conditional sum bit Sx(0), wherein said row carry-out bit selects one of said Sx(1) bit and said Sx(0) bit to be output by said first adder cell (e.g. multiplexer 33 in Figure 2); and said second adder cell comprises: a second multiplexer operable for receiving said second conditional sum bit Sx+i(1) and said second conditional sum bit Sx+j(0), wherein said row carry-out bit selects one of said Sx+I(1) bit and said  $Sx+\sim(0)$  bit to be output by said second adder cell (e.g. multiplexer 43 in Figure 2).

Re claim 28, it is a processor claim of claim 24. Thus, claim 28 is also rejected under the same rationale in the rejection of rejected claim 24.

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Re claim 29, it is a processor claim of claim 25. Thus, claim 29 is also rejected under the same rationale in the rejection of rejected claim 25.

Re claim 30, it is a processor claim of claim 26. Thus, claim 31 is also rejected under the same rationale in the rejection of rejected claim 26.

Re claim 31, it is a processor claim of claim 27. Thus, claim 31 is also rejected under the same rationale in the rejection of rejected claim 27.

### Response to Arguments

- 7. Applicant's arguments filed 06/28/2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
  - a. The applicant argues in page 16 first two paragraphs for claim 1 that the last

    Office action is unclear to identify all the element/component of the claimed invention,

    particularly the least significant adder cell in a first one of the rows of adder cells.

The examiner respectfully submits that the least significant adder cell is the first/last cell of adder within the group/block of adder as seen in Figure 2, wherein each of individual box of adder P1-P5 is corresponding to a specific set of adder. Thus, adder for adding bit 0 within P1 is the least significant adder cell of group/block adder P1 and adder for adding bit 4 within P2 is the least significant adder cell of group/block adder P2.

b. The applicant argues in page 16 last paragraph for claim 1 that the cited reference by Uya does not disclose the language of "generate both a first conditional carry-out bit,"

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and a second conditional carry-out bit by propagating said first conditional carry-out bit, Cx(1) and said second conditional carry-out bit through a first pass gate and a second pass gate, respectively, when said first data bit Ax+1 and said second data bit Bx+1 are not equal as cited in the claimed invention.

The examiner respectfully submits that the cited reference by Uya does not limit a particular size of each block. Thus, the individual block of adder in Figure 2 can be any size accordingly to the user wherein each of the block can be varied in size such that it can be seen similar to Figure 4 of the invention. The pass gates are the gates within the selection/mux logic as seen for every block of adder correspondingly which is used to control the propagation of conditional carry to the next block of adder.

c. The applicant argues in page 17 second paragraph for claim 1 that the cited reference by Uya fail to disclose first and second pass gates since C26 carry bits are propagated based on carryout bits C19 from the adder P4 and not based on whether two adder bits A and B in a second adder are unequal, and not using pass gates.

The examiner respectfully submits that the C<sup>1</sup>25 is should be C<sup>1</sup>26 due to typo.

C<sup>1</sup>26 as carryout bit 1 is propagated based on the C<sup>0</sup>26 as carryout bit 0 as input A and B is unmatched as clearly seen in Figure 2 in block adder P5.

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#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Chat C. Do whose telephone number is (571) 272-3721. The examiner can normally be reached on M => F from 7:00 AM to 5:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Meng-Ai An can be reached on (571) 272-3756. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Chat C. Do Examiner Art Unit 2193

September 17, 2007